NINE MONTHS 2019 RESULTS
PRESENTATION TO
INVESTORS AND ANALYSTS

October 2019



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Outline



- 1 Access Bank Overview
- 2 Domestic Operating Environment
- Group Performance Review
- 4 SBU Performance Review
- 5 Retail Strategy and Performance Review
- 6 Subsidiary Performance Review
- 7 Merger Update
- 8 Q4 2019 Outlook



1. Access Bank Overview

Group Fundamental Statistics









Retail

Business



Corporate Commercial

32 Million+ Customers



Million+

14 Million+

6,910 **Professional Staff**



53%

47%

№617bn

Shareholders' funds



35.55bn

Shares

Outstanding









THE Nigerian STOCK EXCHANGE

(Primary equity listing)

Irish Stock Exchange (\$300m Senior bond)

We have a wide range of channels to deliver seamless banking experience



2,930 **ATMs**

37.7mn



Cards

34.197 **POS**



Branches

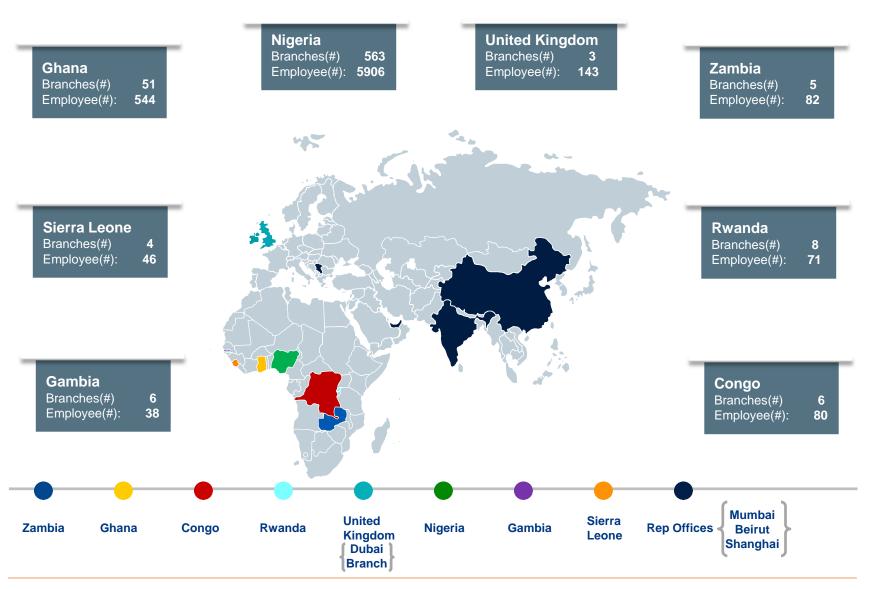
Awards & Recognitions

- · Winner of the 2019 World Finance Award Best Digital Bank in Nigeria, Best Mobile App in Nigeria
- Winner of the 2019 Karlsruhe Sustainable Finance Awards -**Outstanding Business Sustainability Achievement**
- Winner of EMEA Finance African Banking Awards 2019 Best Bank in Nigeria, Best product launch in Africa



Our International Presence







2. Domestic Operating Environment

Macro/ Regulatory Highlights



Key Macroeconomic Indicators



Source: CBN, National Bureau of Statistics (NBS), Financial Derivatives Company Limited (FDC), Business Monitor International (BMI)

Macro

- GDP grew by 1.94% in Q2' 19(+0.44% y/y;-0.16% g/g), led by 1.6% growth in non-oil sector (91.18%)
- Commodity prices remained constant in Q3 at 11.24% as inflation rates maintained a flat nature.
- Brent crude increased by 6.63 USD/BBL (+12.08%) since the beginning of 2019
- FX rates across the parallel and NAFEX market converged at N360/\$ and N362/\$, an increase from the previous quarter
- Inter-bank rate on the 30-day NIBOR increased from 12.1% (Q2'19) to 12.6% (Q3'19)

Regulatory

- Introduction of new rules on Loan to deposit ratio (LDR). All banks are expected to maintain a minimum LDR of 65% by December 31, 2019
- Introduction of new rules for accessing the CBN Standing Deposit Facility (SDF). The remunerable daily placement shall not exceed N2 billion
- Implementation of the Cashless Policy on deposits and withdrawals across specific states.
- Circular on restriction of OMO bills purchase by domestic corporates and individuals

⁽¹⁾ Call rate was used as an indicator for the Money Market Rate



3. Group Performance Review

Group Financial Highlights





Profitability

Ħ 'million	9M'19	9M'18	% ∆
Gross Earnings	513,656	375,230	37 ↑
Net Interest Income	210,218	122,950	71 ↑
Operating Income	307,963	223,344	38 ↑
Operating Expenses	194,248	144,723	34 ↑
Impairment Charges	(10,611)	(8,353)	27 ↑
Profit Before Tax	103,104	70,268	47 ↑
Profit After Tax	90,740	62,911	44 ↑
Earnings Per Share (k)	279	218	28 ↑



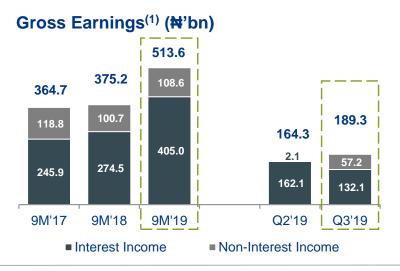
₦ 'billion	Sep'19	Dec'18	% ∆
Loans and Advances	2,938	2,136	38 ↑
Total Assets	6,606	4,954	33 ↑
Customer Deposits	4,239	2,565	65 ↑
Shareholders' Funds	615	491	25 ↑



Metric	9M'19	9M'18	% ∆
After-Tax ROAE	21.9%	17.0%	4.9 ↑
Capital Adequacy (%)	20.3%	20.1%	0.2 ↑
Liquidity (%)	48.4%	44.2%	4.2 ↑
Loan-to-Deposit	67.4%	57.6%	9.7 ↑
Cost-to-Income (%)	63.1%	64.8%	(1.7)↓

Revenue



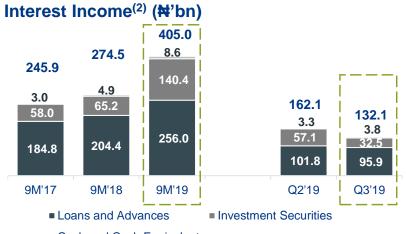




- Total merger synergy realized of ₩33.7bn ytd contributed 18% to 9M'19 revenue, largely driven by recoveries of ₩22.4bn
- Interest income drivers (+48% y/y, 9M'19: ₦405bn):
- 115% y/y growth in income from investment securities to ₩140.4bn (9M'18: ₩65.2bn), on the back of a 52% ytd increase in investment securities
- 75% y/y increase in interest on Cash and Cash Equivalents to ₩8.6bn (9M'18: ₩4.9bn)
- 25% growth in interest on Loans and Advances to customers to ₦256bn (9M'18: ₦204.4bn)

• Non-Interest Income drivers (+8%y/y, 9M'19: ₩108.6bn):

- 185% y/y growth in other operating income to ₩33.3bn largely driven by bad debt recovered of ₩22.4bn
- 54% increase in Fee & Commission income to ₩66.9bn, largely underlined by growth in commission on other financial services (+419% y/y), commission on virtual products (+171%), charge on account maintenance (+123%), channels and other Ebusiness (+58%)



Cash and Cash Equivalents

Non-Interest Income (₦'bn)



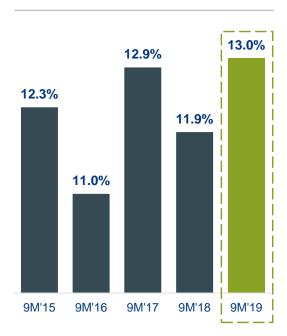
⁽¹⁾ Calculated as the sum of Interest Income, Fee & Commission Income, Net Gains (Losses) on Investment Securities, Net Foreign Exchange Income / (Loss) and Other Operating Income

⁽²⁾ Interest Income figures calculated as an addition of Interest income on financial assets not at FVTPL/ not held for trading and Interest income on financial assets at FVTPL/held for trading

Margin Analysis

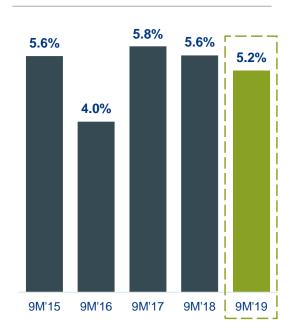


Yield on Assets (YoA)



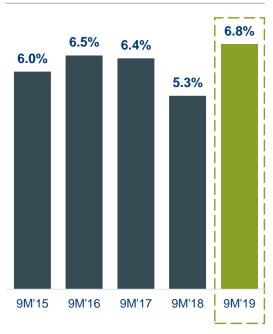
Improved yields in the period resulted in 110bps y/y increase in yields on interest bearing assets to 13%. We will continue to maintain our traditional levels north of 12%

Cost of Funds (CoF)



Average Cost of Funds decreased by 40bps y/y to 5.2%, benefiting from lower cost of fund of acquired and growing low cost deposit base. This tracks slightly higher than the FY'19 guidance advised of 5%

Net Interest Margin (NIM)

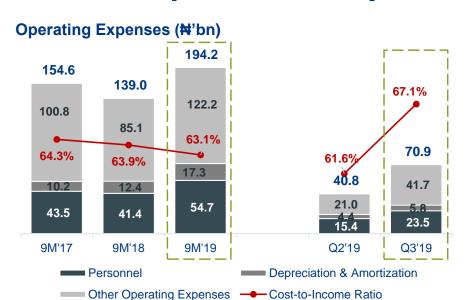


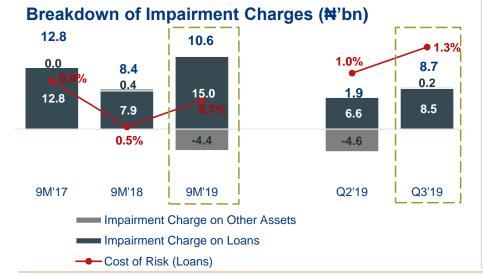
 Net Interest Margin increased by 150bps y/y to 6.8%, benefiting from the significant increase in yields and reduction in the cost of funds. This is ahead of our FY'19 guidance of 6%

^{*} Access Bank Stand-alone Q1'19 Margins

OPEX & Impairment Analysis





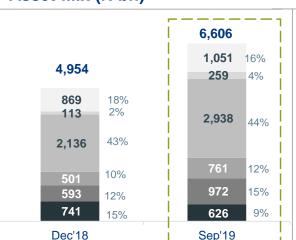


- Growth in Operating expense by 34% y/y to ₩194.2bn, reflecting the impact of the enlarged franchise (9M'18; ₩139bn)
- Key drivers include:
- +421% y/y increase in Professional fees to ₩7.6bn (9M'18; ₩1.5bn)
- +88% y/y increase in Communication expenses to ₦3.3bn (9M'18; ₦1.7bn)
- +82% y/y growth in Administrative cost to ₩14.1bn (9M'18; ₩7.7bn)
- +76% y/y increase in Recruitment and Training costs to ₩4.1bn (9M'18; ₩2.3bn)
- +74% y/y growth in Advertisement and Marketing expenses to ₩5.9bn (9M'18; ₩3.4bn)
- +58% growth in outsourcing cost to ₩10.3bn (9M'18; ₩6.5bn)
- +32%y/y increase in Personnel Expenses to ₩54.7bn (9M'18;
 ₩41.4bn)
- Cost to Income ratio continued its descent by 80bps y/y to 63.1% (9M'18: 63.9%), benefiting from continued adoption of cost reduction strategies and stronger revenue in the period
- Cost-to-Income ratio increased QoQ by 560bps, reflecting the full impact of the expanded franchise and cost of the merger
- Expected Credit Loss charge on loans stood at ₩15bn in 9M'19, +90% y/y (9M'18: ₩7.9bn), on account of the Bank's risk assets from the business combination
- Cost of risk increased by 20bps y/y to 0.7% in 9M'19 (9M'18: 0.5%) due to an enlarged loan portfolio

Balance Sheet Snapshot



Asset Mix (₩'bn)



- Other Assets
- Fixed & Intangible Assets
- Loans & Advances
- Investment Securities
- Trading & Pledged Assets
- Cash & Cash Equivalents

Total Liabilities (₦'bn)



- Other Liabilities
- Interest-Bearing Borrowings
- Deposits from Customers
- Deposits from Financial Institutions

Capital Adequacy 20.3% Dec'18: 19.9%







- Enlarged balance sheet resulting from the merger, comprising of interest earning assets and non-interest earning assets of 73% and 23% respectively
- Total assets grew 33% to No.61trn as at Sep'19 (Dec'18: No.95trn)
- Net Loans and advances of Net Loans and advances of Net Loans and advances of (Dec'18: 2.14trn), reflecting the impact of loan portfolio acquired from the merger
- Improved deposit mix with low cost deposits accounting for 54%, as Customer deposits grew 65% ytd to ₩4.24trn in Sep'19 from ₩2.57trn in Dec'18

⁽¹⁾ NPL Ratio is calculated as Total Impaired Loans to Banks and Customers divided by Total Gross Loans in the period

NPL Coverage Ratio is calculated as Total Allowances(including regulatory risk reserves) for Impairment Losses in the period divided by Total Non-Performing Loans

Loan Analysis



1.1%

1.0%



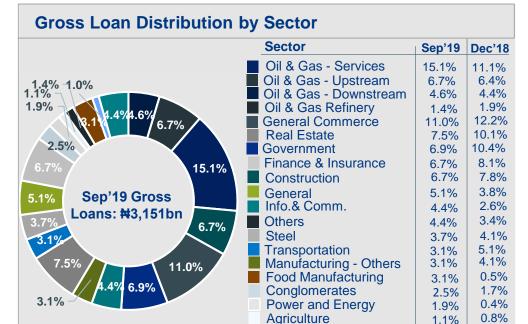


Loans by Currency

--- Loan-to-Deposit Ratio



(1) The following sectors are included in "Others": Education, Conglomerates, Basic Metal Products and Flourmills & Bakeries



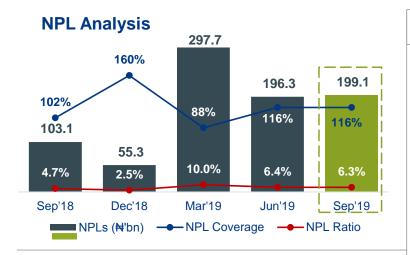
Net loans and advances of ₦2.94trn as at Sep'19 (Dec'18: ₦2.14trn), up 38% ytd reflecting the impact of the merger

Cement

- Increase in loan book largely driven by exposure to the Oil & Gas, General, Information and Communication, Food manufacturing sectors
- FCY exposures declined slightly by 100bps to 39% (Dec'18: 40%) of the total loan portfolio in the period, due to increase in loan book size
- Loan-to-deposit ratio stood at 67.4% as at Sep'19 (revised Dec'18: 73.4%), including the 150% charge on mortgage loans

Asset Quality

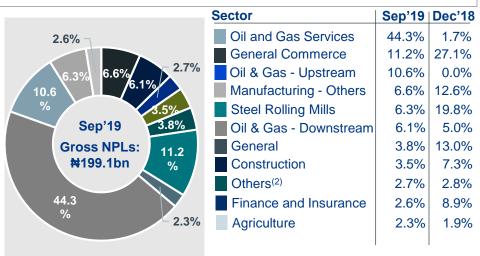






- NPL ratio down 10bps q/q to 6.3% in Sep'19, as a result of an additional \text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tex
- Adequate NPL coverage ratio (including regulatory risk reserves) of 116% in the period, (Dec'18: 160%)

NPL Distribution by Sector



NPL Ratio by Sector ⁽¹	Sep'19		Dec'18
Oil and Gas Services		18.5%	0.4%
Oil & Gas – Upstream	10	0.0%	0.0%
Oil & Gas - Downstream	8.3%		2.9%
Agriculture		13.7%	6.2%
Manufacturing - Others		13.4%	7.7%
Steel Rolling Mills		10.8%	11.9%
General Commerce	6.4%		5.5%
General	4.7%		8.4%
Construction	3.3%		2.3%
Finance and Insurance	2.4%		2.7%
Others ⁽²⁾	0.5%		0.2%

Measures the portion of the total credit exposure by sector that is impaired. Formula: NPL_(Sector) / Total Gross Loans_(Sector)

⁽²⁾ The following sectors are included in "Others(2)": Education, information and communication, Conglomerates, Food Manufacturing, Real Estate Activities, Transportation & Storage and Power and Energy

Deposit Analysis



Customer Deposits (₩'bn)



Deposits Contribution by Region



- Customer deposits increased 65% to ₦4.24trn in the period (Dec'18: ₦2.57trn) resulting from the effect of the merger
- CASA⁽¹⁾ account deposits grew 81% ytd to ₦2.31trn (Dec'18: ₦1.28trn), largely as a result of the merger, as well as continuous and deliberate mobilization for sustainable low cost deposit leveraging on innovative digital technology
- Subsidiaries contributions accounted for 17% of total group deposits of ₦1.01bn in Sep'19 (Dec'18: ₦1.07trn)
- UK and Ghana jointly accounting for 89% of total subsidiary deposits and 15% of total deposits (Dec'18: 26%)

Capital & Liquidity

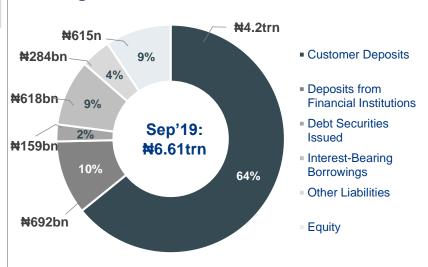


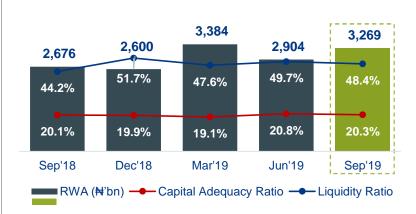
Capital Adequacy Computation - Basel II

		Z		
Underlying in ₦'m	Sep'19 ⁽¹⁾	Sep'19	Dec'18	%∆
Tier I Capital	638,097	519,216	448,205	16
Tier II Capital	143,440	143,440	69,096	108
Total Regulatory Capital	781,538	662,657	517,301	28
Credit Risk	2,662,159	2,662,159	2,163,733	23
Operational Risk	534,629	534,629	417,782	28
Market Risk	72,426	72,426	18,585	290
Risk-Weighted Assets	3,269,215	3,269,215	2,600,099	26
Capital Adequacy				
Tier I	19.5%	15.9%	17.2%	
Tier II	4.4%	4.4%	2.7 %	
Total	23.9%	20.3%	19.9 %	

- Capital adequacy remained well above regulatory minimum as CAR improved by 40bps ytd to 20.3% (Dec'18: 19.9%)
- 26% ytd growth in RWA. However, increase in total eligible capital was more than sufficient to cushion the effect of the growth in RWA on Capital Adequacy Ratio
- Taking into consideration IFRS 9 transitional adjustment on capital, Capital adequacy ratio improved by 400bps to 23.9%
- Liquidity ratio⁽²⁾ in the period of 48.4% (Dec'18: 50.9%) remained well in excess of the regulatory minimum

Funding Sources





Capital Adequacy computation showing adjusted impact of regulatory transition arrangement of IFRS 9 implementation

Calculated as Total Liquid Assets (cash and cash equivalents, treasury bills, trading assets and government bonds) divided by Total Deposits



4. SBU Performance Review

Strategic Business Units





Segment Focus

 Multinational, well-structured large companies with annual turnover exceeding *10 billion

- Downstream Oil & Gas

- · Segments include:
 - Cement & Construction
 Telecommunications
- Upstream Oil & Gas
- Manufacturing
- Transportation
- Financial Institutions
- Agriculture

Products & Services

- Financial advisory
- Trade/structured finance
- Treasury



- Incorporated companies with an annual turnover greater than ₦5 billion, but less than ₦10 billion
- Customer segments include:
 - Federal, State and Local Government MDA's
 - Corporate and Investment Banking Value Chain
 - Asian Companies

- Cash management
- Tailored lending scheme (value chain)
- · Liquidity management
- Trade finance
- Advisory services



- Companies, Small and Medium Enterprises with annual turnover less than ₦450 million to ₦5 billion
- Products are tailored to cater to small and other types of less structured businesses

- Payroll management
- · Trade finance
- Payment & collections
- Financial advisory
- Asset finance

- The Division caters to the following classes of individuals:
 - Affluent Professionals
- oin
- Students
- Employees in the Value Chain
- Pensioners

- Local Corporates

- Informal Traders
- High Net-worth Individuals (HNI)
- Ultra-High Net-worth Individuals (UHNI)

- Specialized savings account
- Current and investment accounts
- Personal loans, advances and mortgages





5. Retail Strategy and Performance Review

Six Key Elements of our 2018-2022 Strategy





International Expansion Strategy



Access Bank subsidiaries will be organised around strategic clusters driven by similar strategic themes, but with strong collaborations across clusters

Segments

Global financial gateways # United Kingdom

Hong Kong

Trade Hubs







🦺 Kenva

🚺 Zambia

South Africa

Mozambique

Key Africa markets













Rest of Africa



Gambia

Sierra Leone

DRC

Key strategic pillars

Correspondent banking

High and Ultra High net worth Private banking

Access to foreign banking and transacting for franchise customers

Trade finance focusing prioritizing key commodities and clients in operating countries

E2E solutions for corporate clients including payroll mgt.

Increase market share of top 100 corporates

Best-in-class transaction banking platform

Value chain business banking

Leading digital banking brand

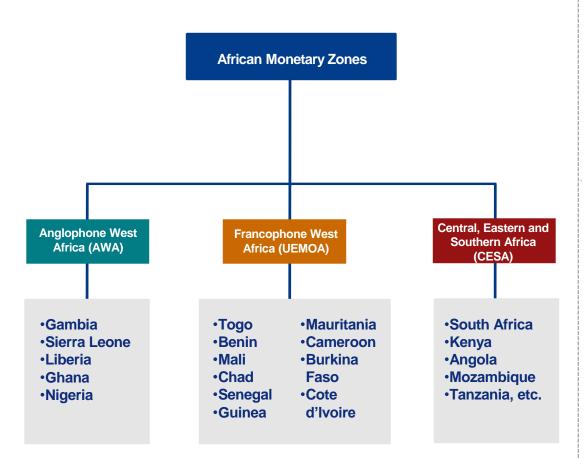
Drive retail banking with digital and payments

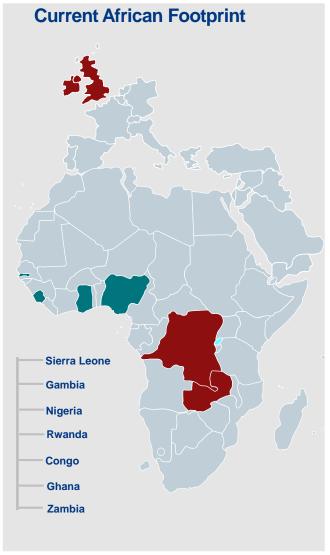
Establish Access bank as the key intermediary for remittances, trade and FX

Creating Africa's Gateway to the World



To achieve our goal of creating the Africa's gateway to the world, we will have presence in major trade and payment hubs in Africa.





Retail Banking Overview



Our Brand PromiseMore than Banking

Access Bank's retail strategy is targeted at significant growth in consumer banking and MSME segments by:

- Building customer loyalty
- Developing innovative products

Retail CASA Volume

(%)

9%

27%

- Delivering unmatched customer service experience

UE PROPOSITION

The retail banking division is structured into two distinct customer segments serving over 30 million retail customers

CONSUMER BANKING

EMERGING BUSINESSES





















Financial Inclusion

18,651 agents providing financial inclusive banking services through our <u>DSA</u>, <u>BETA</u> and CLOSA initiatives

85% of **561,150** Accounts Opened within the period through various Financial Inclusion initiatives

SavingsCurrentDomiciliary

64%

Financial Inclusion Strides



Our focus to bank the unbanked through agency banking and partnerships with telcos has facilitated transactions worth ~ ₩126bn in nine months, showing trust in the banking channels

Value of transactions N'bn **Impact** Agent type **Transaction Count 'mn** Value of total transactions in ~₩126bn 9M'19, a 184% ytd growth 13 117 from FY'18 +37% 10 **DSAs** 1.8x ~345,000 Accounts opened under the Beta agency banking initiative Closa 64 **YTD** ~3,000 DSA and Beta Agents as at **FY 18** 9M 19 **FY 18** 9M 19 Sep'19, with a transaction count and volume of 905.000 4 9 and ₩26.6bn respectively +93% 2X ~15,000 Agents as at Sep'19 (with a Telco transaction count and volume 2 partnerships 12mn and ₩87.7bn respectively **FY 18** 9M 19 access CLOSA FY 18 9M 19 reamville

iamondXtra

Digital Loan Highlights

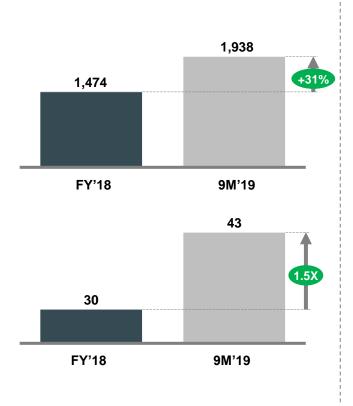


Leveraging digital technology, we disbursed an average of ~159mn to ~7,114 customers daily as we continue to make available channels of opportunities to eligible customers, leading to diversification and to further de-risk our loan portfolio

Count and value **Impact**









90% ytd growth from ₩84bn in Dec'18

- ~₩43

■ ~7000 digital loan customers daily, +71% ytd growth from 4.149 in Dec'18

disbursement as at Sep'19, a

billion

digital

loan

- Enables the bank to diversify and de-risk its portfolio, with the addition of device financing and the flexibility to include more loan product offerings
- 4 Product offering comprising of PayDay Ioan, Small Ticket Personal Loan, Salary Advance and Device Financing



Statistics

- Customers can access payday loans through mobile phones in < 1 minute using a USSD code
- Accessible to different types of earners- self employed and non self employed

Retail Channels Statistics



All channels experienced growth YTD from FY'18 (pre merger) to 9M'19 (post merger); cards, mobile and USSD are the most popular

Our market
leading
propositions
are designed
with the
customer at
the center

 Our customers have trusted our digital platforms resulting into significant growth

Channels	•	Count FY'18 (mn)	•	Count 9M'19 (mn)	•	YTD Growth	alue Y'18(≒ 'bn)	•	Value H19 (₦'bn)	•	YTD Growth
Debit/Credit Card		147	1	429	1	192%	1,437		3,971		176%
POS		27	1	44	1	64%	249		365		46%
Mobile & Internet Banking		83	1	188		127%	2,692		11,226		317%
АТМ		112		143		28%	1,119		1,382		23%
USSD		48	1	317		560%	84		652		676%
Agency Banking		11		17		55%	68		126		85%
Digital Loan		1.5	1	1.9	; ; ; ; ; ; ;	27%	31		43		39%
Total		430		1,140		165%	5,680		17,765		213%

Retail Outlook



Looking into the near future, the department plans to focus on building capabilities, maximizing use of data and analytics, growing reach and presence





- Continue enhancing our product and solutions offering on all our digital channels
- Transition branches to be financial advisory centers as more customers make use of our digital platforms



Maximize use/
B data and
analytics

- Offer personalized products and solutions through the use of data and analytics
- Identify and prevent cybercrimes; protecting our customers making use of digital platforms e.g., use of speech recognition
- Use of artificial intelligence to serve customers more cost effectively e.g., robotics process is being used to automate processes



Leverage our value propositions

- Take advantage of our strong retail value proposition to acquire and serve our customers better
- Enhance our relationship management capabilities for our affluent and private banking sub-segments
- Expand our support to women entrepreneurs through partnership with the state governments



Expanding reach and presence

- Expand our agency banking network and reach more of the unbanked population in the rural areas and urban centres with limited coverage
- Improve service offering in the financial inclusion segment through increased product and solutions access on the existing telcos partnerships



6. Subsidiary Performance Review

Subsidiary Performance Overview



Financial Highlights

Underlying in \ *million	United Kingdom	Ghana	Rwanda	R. D. Congo	Zambia	Gambia	Sierra Leone
Operating Income	22,516	22,391	2,515	4,314	2,446	740	774
Profit Before Tax	15,019	12,193	290	825	633	154	222
Total Assets	840,809	268,013	35,820	54,042	36,362	14,340	7,831
Loans and Advances	578,580	57,738	9,698	15,298	4,271	1,269	777
Total Deposits	717,121	180,232	29,096	38,710	27,898	9,658	5,830

Key Messages

- Subsidiaries contribution the group's performance stood at 28%y/y flat, recording total subsidiaries' PBT of ₦29.3bn up 29% y/y (9M'18: ₩22.7bn)
- UK and Ghana accounted for 93% of total 9M'19 subsidiaries' PBT (9M'18: 90%), with a Return on Equity of 15% and 31% respectively
- (+33% YTD), contributing 23% of total net loans for the group
- Total deposits from subsidiaries amounted to ₩1.01trn, contributing 20% of total group deposits
- Total assets from subsidiaries stood at ₩1.26trn



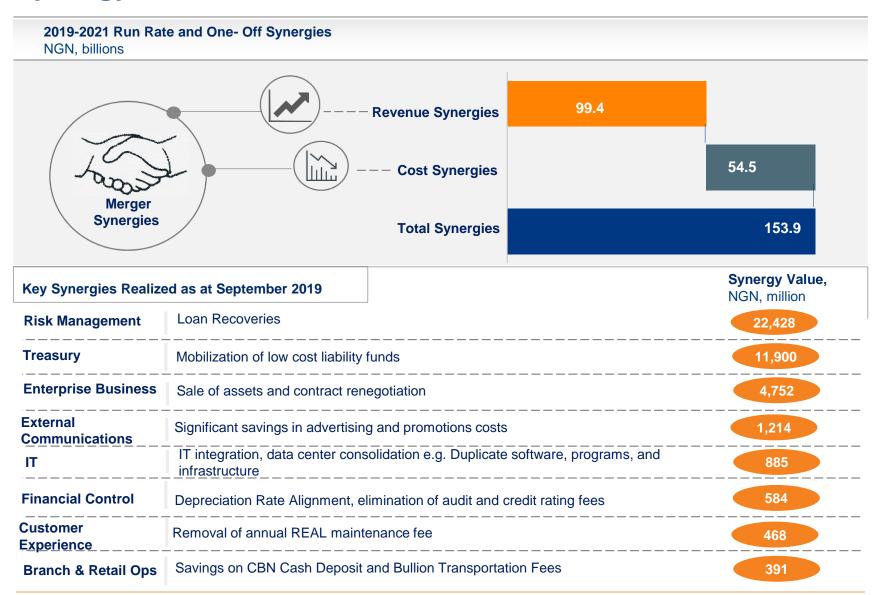




7. Merger Update

Synergy Realization





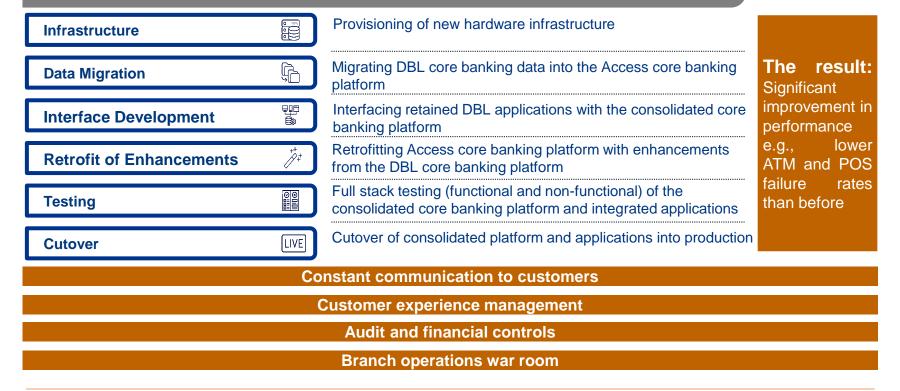
System Integration



The final IT merger (Day 2) involved full migration of Access Bank and former Diamond Bank data to a unified environment in order to operate as one bank

Background

- Consolidation of the core banking platform across Access and Diamond banks was at the heart of realizing the strategic objectives of the merger
- The consolidation effort addressed 6 IT elements:





8. Q4 2019 Outlook

Q4 2019 Outlook





Improve Asset Quality

- Continue aggressive recovery drive
- Continue to pay close attention to the loan book



Increase Transaction Banking Income

- Migrate our customers to alternative channels
- Create strong awareness of our flagship retail products



Retail deposit growth

 Intensify low-cost deposit drive to reduce funding costs, thereby enhancing liquidity and margins



Optimise Operational Efficiency

- Enhance productivity across our branches and staff
- Extract value from existing accounts by (i) improving cross sell ratio, (ii) reducing the level of unfunded accounts and (iii) increasing the level of transacting accounts



Cost Management

 Improve operating efficiency by aggressively executing strategic cost saving initiatives



Merger Synergies

Continue to drive merger synergies across the respective segments

FY 2019 Financial Targets





		2040 -
		2019 Targets
PROFITABILITY	Return on Equity (%)	20.0
ASSET	Cost of Risk (%)	≤1.2
QUALITY	NPL Ratio (%)	≤10.0
	Coat to Income Datic (0/)	/60.0
EFFICIENCY	Cost-to-Income Ratio (%) Net Interest Margin (%)	≤60.0 6.0
	Cost of Funds (%)	≤5.0
	Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	≥20.0
PRUDENTIAL	Loan-to-Deposit Ratio (%)	>65.0
RATIOS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Liquidity Ratio (%)	≥50.0

Thank you

